Unit 2 Vocabulary Greece and Rome

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| 1. Polis | Body of legislatures #6 |
| 2. Agora | Ruling body of 3 members #7 |
| 3. Tyrant | Increased prices for goods and services #9 |
| 4. Hellenistic | Citizens elect representatives to run the governments #13 |
| 5. Plebeians | To ban #14 |
| 6. Senate | Period of Roman peace lasting almost 200 years #16 |
| 7. Triumvirate | Military formation in ancient Greece #20 |
| 8. Aqueduct | Powerful landowners in ancient Greece #21 |
| 9. Inflation | The family father #24 |
| 10. Acropolis | Someone who seized power by force and claimed rule for the good of the people #3 |
| 11.Hoplites | The first Christian missionaries #25 |
| 12. Direct democracy | Chief executives elected to run the government in ancient Rome #15 |
| 13. Republic | All people vote directly on an issue #12 |
| 14. Veto | Government run by the people #19 |
| 15. Consuls | Assembly place in ancient Rome #22 |
| 16. Pax Romana | Political leader holding unlimited power #23 |
| 17. Christianity | Blending of Greek culture with the cultures of Persian, Egypt, and Asia #4 |
| 18. Helots | State slaves #18 |
| 19. Democracy | Farmers or workers who made up the largest percent of the Roman population #5 |
| 20. Phalanx | Foot soldiers in ancient Greece #11 |
| 21. Patricians | A city-state of ancient Greece #1 |
| 22. Forum | Man- made channels used to transport water #8 |
| 23. Dictator | A walled, high area containing fortifications and temples #10 |
| 24. Paterfamilias | Religion based on the teachings of Jesus #17 |
| 25. Apostles | A meeting place and market in early Greek city-states #2 |