The Greek city-states

Word Box

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| government | polis | acropolis | City-states |
| agora | democracy | vote | language |
| oligarchy | Hellenistic | Hoplites | Helots |
| philosophers | arts | Academy | thinkers |
| Alexander The Great | Plato | Aristotle | Socrates |
| questions |  |  |  |

Even though everyone in Greece spoke the same \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and worshiped the same gods and goddesses, Greece was not a united country. Instead Greece was divided into separate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, which were independent countries that included a city and the surrounding farmland. The Greek word for it is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. A typical one had a market placed, called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and a fortress on a high hill called an\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

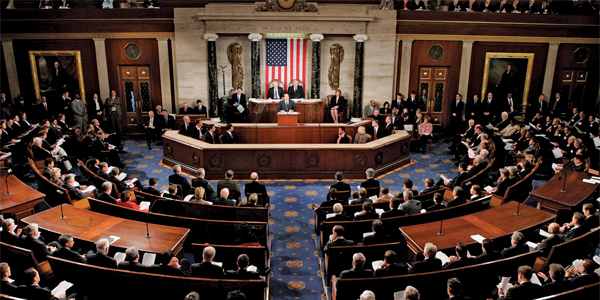
Each city had it’s own form of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and system of laws. Athens, for example is known as the birthplace of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ where all the citizens \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to choose leaders and make laws. Athenians loved the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Athens produced many great writers and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . These philosophers tried to discover the real nature of the world and human beings. The most famous was probably \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who taught his students by asking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ instead of just telling them answers. His student \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ went on to build the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, which became one of the most famous schools in ancient times. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ attended the school in Athens and later became the tutor to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, who created the biggest empire that stretched in Europe, Asia and Northern Africa. His death in 323 BC started the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ age in Greek history.

Sparta, on the other hand, had a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , which consisted of two kings and a council of elders. Sparta was a society that emphasized physical strength and power. It had huge number of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to do all the work around the city and the farmland, which arose the need to control them by trained and strong military. The foot soldiers in the Spartan army were called\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Roman empire

Word Box-match the word with the picture

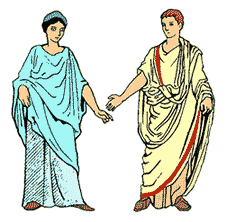
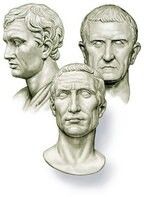
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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Plebeians | Aqueducts | Consuls | Triumvirate | Veto |
| Patricians | Pax romana | Senate | Republic | Inflation |

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